

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

SURVEY REPORTS' Year 2018

ANXIETY IN YOUTH

The purpose of the survey is to measure the level of anxiety among the students of Sri Venkateswara College . Anxiety is prevalent among the college students and there are many factors causing it . This survey report basically points out to the various factors that can be attributed to anxiety. One of the most prominent factor amongst all is over usage of social media.

BY-KANISHKA

DIPASHA

WASIMA

ANURAG

ANXIOUS	GENDES	ATTENDANC	COPPA	PREFERRED ROW IN CU	THE ON SOCIAL MEDIA	SCOPE	ANXIOUSNONANXIOUS													
3	1	3	1	0	3	1	1	3	3	1	0	0	1	80	88	1	2	17A		
3	1	0	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	79	8	1	15A	
3	1	1	3	3	1	0	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	30	802	1	10	16A
3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	100	527	1	2	15A
3	1	1	3	0	1	0	3	1	1	3	0	1	0	1	89	827	1	10	15A	
3	1	1	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	1	3	0	0	2	73	818	2	3	21A	
3	1	0	3	0	1	1	1	3	1	3	3	0	0	1	80	53	2	2	17A	
3	1	1	1	0	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	0	0	2	30	63	1	15	15A	
3	0	1	1	0	3	3	1	1	0	3	0	1	1	68	62	2	1	17A		
3	3	0	1	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	54	588	3	2	14A			
3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	3	1	1	0	0	1	83	65	1	25	17A	
3	0	0	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	0	0	1	100	92	2	3	14A		
3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3	0	1	1	65	937	1	16	15A		
3	1	1	3	0	3	0	3	1	1	1	0	0	2	70	8	2	15	15A		
3	3	1	0	0	1	3	3	1	0	1	1	0	2	38	85	1	2	14A		
3	1	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	3	1	1	2	80	8	2	35	20A			
3	1	1	1	3	3	0	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	33	75	2	0	15A		
3	1	1	1	3	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	56	65	2	25	18A			
31	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	3	3	1	0	0	1	89		2	35	14A		
35	1	1	1	0	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	84	745	2	1	14A		
37	3	1	1	1	0	3	3	1	1	1	0	1	3	79	76	2	0	17A		
38	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	3	1	3	86	6	2	3	22A		
42	1	1	1	3	3	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	30	934	2	2	14A		
44	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	11	35A		
45	3	1	1	3	3	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	80	85	2	18	17A		
46	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	3	1	0	0	3	75	745	3	3	21A		
47	1	1	0	3	1	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	3	68	67	3	3	14A		
50	3	1	1	0	3	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	0	85	53	1	45	18A		
52	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	8	30A		
53	3	1	1	0	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	0	0	70	833	1	2	20A		
55	1	0	1	3	3	1	1	0	3	3	1	0	0	70	7	2	16	17A		
57	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	30	936	2	75	14A		
58	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	3	1	3	1	0	0	30	7	3	2	14A		
59	3	1	3	0	1	0	3	1	0	1	3	0	3	85	7	3	5	18A		

Report 2 by Ishita, Divyanshi, Simran, Riya

HOW DOES COLOR CHOICES OF PEOPLE AFFECT THEIR PERSONALITY AND PSYCHOLOGY?

1. NAME:
2. COURSE:
3. GENDER:
4. AGE:
5. YOUR FAVOURITE COLOUR:
6. YOUR LEAST FAVOURITE COLOUR:
7. SCORE THE GIVEN COLOURS SET BETWEEN 1 TO 8 ACCORDING TO YOUR PREFERENCES:
8. NAME THE DIFFERENT SHADES OF THE COLOURS YOU KNOW:
9. ARE YOU AN INTROVERT OR EXTROVERT?
10. WHICH COLOUR DO YOU FIND CHEAP (IN REFERENCE OF COST)?
11. WHICH COLOUR LOOKS EXPENSIVE TO YOU?
12. IN A MIXTURE OF TWO SETS OF DARK AND SOFT COLOURS WHICH ONE ATTRACTS YOU MORE?
13. IDENTIFY THE NUMBER HIDDEN IN THE GIVEN ISHIHARA CHART:
14. RANGE THE GIVEN COLOR SET BETWEEN -100 AND +100:

GIVEN COLOR SET FOR 7



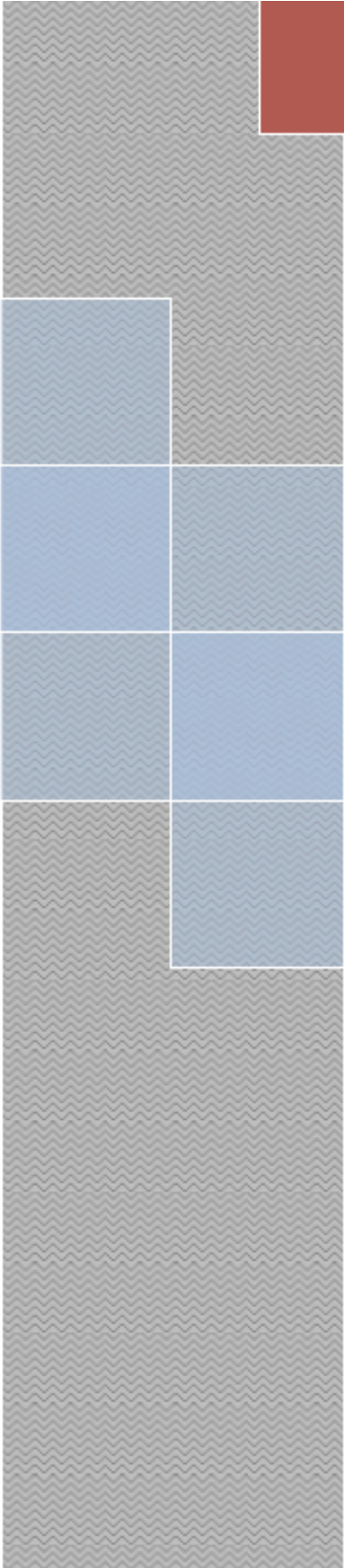
GIVEN COLOR SET FOR 13



GIVEN COLOR SET FOR 8



GIVEN COLOR SET FOR 13



Survey Report on Peer pressure among students of different age groups

To establish a direct correlation of peer pressure with the amount of positive and negative impacts it has on one's academic performance, health, social and emotional behaviour, future plans etc.



Transition from High- School to College: An Invitation to negative lifestyle

ABSTRACT

Admitting oneself in a University brings about numerous problems with the onset of several alterations in how we live our lives. It becomes a task itself to adapt to the new environment and the surroundings. Changes in eating pattern, sleeping, social life, etc. brings about a key change in ones lives and can lead to several health problems too of the college students for they need to tackle with the new challenges in their life independently. The aim of the study is to study the changes in the life of college students on moving ahead and passing out of school life, where everything and everyday is similar and that we are protected by our parents and teachers. We wish to study whether this brings about a dropdown in the health of an individual and that it promotes a pattern of negative lifestyle or not. This study analyses a cohort of students at a public university on whom a self - administered Questionnaire is applied, which comprises of several questions relating to health, body image and physical workout, comprehended stress, signs and symptoms of any disorder like depression or any such, lifestyle, diet and other issues.

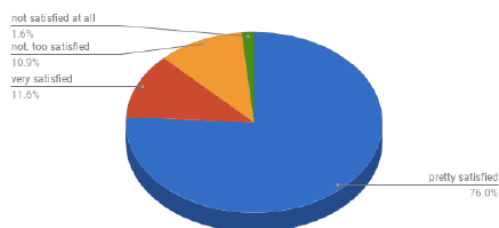
Keywords: negative lifestyle, health, college students, school students, habit alterations.

PURPOSE OF THE SURVEY

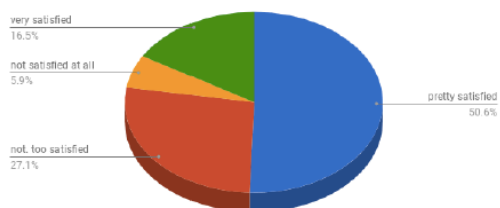
The sole aim to conduct this survey is to study the change in the pattern of lifestyle changes and trends observed in the college going students after passing out from schools. The survey will be beneficial to study the impact of the college life on an individual and how does it differ from that of a school, certainly acknowledging the

involvement of all the factors. This can help us bring about the specific changes in the University system so as to make the child adapt to it easily without much a change in his/ her lifestyle.

Satisfaction in terms of life ?(School)



satisfaction in terms of life ?(College)



Report 4 by Shiwani, Khalid, Sahil

Report 5

Survey Report on DHMO Hoax

This survey was done by the following students of Sri Venkateswara College, A. Tharanirakshita, Mehak Pandita, Soumya Mallick, Sukanya Bhuyan and Swastik Preetam under the Guidance of our Professor Dr. Richa Mishra.

Purpose of Survey:-

Our main aim was to assess how people, in this case the students of Sri Venkateswara, could be tricked into believing that Dihydrogen Monoxide, i.e., simply water is lethally toxic and must be banned by signing a petition formulated by us. This represented the extent of psychological manipulation that can be achieved by using unfamiliar and high sounding terms and phrases along with fabricated data.

THE EXPERIMENT

The aim of our experiment was to find out the extent to which we can influence people to believe a false critical and momentous threat or issue. The idea was to convince them that a chemical compound named DHMO, Dihydrogen Monoxide, Hydric Acid or Hydrogen Hydroxide (which is none other than water actually) is severely toxic and affecting the health of people negatively and is detrimental to all other living organisms as well in some way or the other, as it present in almost every product that we use. We then told them that the Government in our country is unwilling to ban this compound in spite of its harmful effects and therefore we asked them if they would be prepared to sign a petition online to ban this compound and thereby help on a student level. We took some students (17-21 years) from the Science Department in our college, as a sample size. We would go to an individual to talk and this is how we proceeded with our survey, while video graphing the conversation:

Based on our results, we have divided the people into five categories.

1. Those who could recognize Dihydrogen Monoxide as water.
2. Those who seemed disinterested in the issue, displaying ignorance and questioning what they can do about it, after all. They agreed to sign the petition without any further questions.
3. Those who seemed interested and concerned but didn't ask too many questions about it and agreed to sign the petition.
4. Those who seemed really concerned about the issue, added their own points (yeah, that's what the Government do, harmful/toxic products should totally be banned, there's this another toxic compound I know, etc.) and agreed to sign the petition.
5. Those who were reluctant to sign the petition because they didn't have much information about this compound.